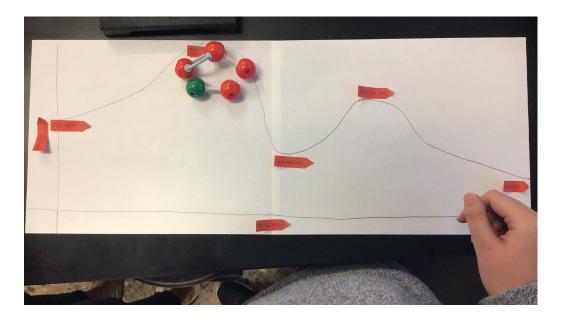
# **Reaction Mechanisms Using Stop-Motion Video**

# **Teacher's Guide**

Atom Centers				Bonds
Qty	Element	Color/Holes	Qty	Туре
6	Oxygen	Red/4	4	single
1	Chlorine	Green/4	6	double/triple

On two blank sheets of paper taped end to end, the students should use a pencil to draw a labeled (on sticky notes) energy diagram similar to the one shown in the sample video. Check student diagrams for accuracy before they make their videos.

# **Example Stop Motion Video:**



Answers to Questions:

- 1. An intermediate is a temporary product in a reaction mechanism. It is recognized by the fact that it is the product of one step and the reactant of another step.
- 2. A catalyst is a substance that can increase the rate of a chemical reaction and is the same at the end as it was at the start of the reaction. In a reaction mechanism a catalyst is a reactant of one step and the product of another step.
- 3. The uncatalyzed energy diagram would have a higher activation energy,
- 4. Another name for a transition state is an activated complex.
- 5. Rate =  $k[Cl][O_3]$

#### Visualizing A Reaction Mechanism Using Stop-Motion Video

#### **Student Procedure**

**Objective:** To model the mechanism of a chemical reaction  $(2O_3 \rightarrow 3O_2)$  with a catalyst (Cl) and an intermediate (ClO) and to model the concept of an activated complex.

**Materials:** Model kit, Stop Motion Studio app (free), ring stand, test tube clamp or ring clamp, sticky notes, marker, two sheets of blank paper.

- 1. Assemble two models of ozone, O<sub>3</sub>.
- 2. Using clear tape, tape two blank sheets of paper together, end to end (longways). Using a pencil, draw a potential energy diagram with the following attributes: two steps, exothermic, step 1 is the slower step. Label seven small sticky notes with the following: Potential Energy, Reaction Progress, Reactants, Products, Transition State: Activated Complex (step 1), Transition State (step 2), Intermediate. Place the sticky notes on the diagram in the proper locations. Have the instructor verify the diagram before making the video.
- 3. Make a stop motion video of the reaction process where ozone decomposes into oxygen with a chlorine atom catalyst utilizing this proposed mechanism:
  - a. Step 1:  $Cl + O_3 \rightarrow ClO + O_2$  slow
  - b. Step 2:  $ClO + O_3 \rightarrow Cl + 2O_2$  fast
- 4. ClO<sub>3</sub> is the transition state for step 1 and ClO<sub>4</sub> is the transition state for step 2. Place the models on the potential energy diagram in the proper locations.
- 5. The video should show the steps in the reaction. Adjust the speed of the movie so that the reaction process is clearly legible. Share the video with your instructor.

Questions:

- 1. What is an intermediate? How do you recognize an intermediate in a reaction mechanism?
- 2. What is a catalyst? How do you recognize a catalyst in a reaction mechanism?
- 3. Describe the uncatalyzed energy diagram for this reaction.
- 4. What is another name for the transition state with the highest energy?
- 5. If step 1 is the slower step, what is the rate law for the reaction?